ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about August 18 and 25 and December 1, 1944, by the A. E. Halperin Co., Inc., from Boston, Mass.

PRODUCT: 30 cases of adhesive compresses at Lost Creek, W. Va., 138 boxes of adhesive bandages at Elwood, Ill., and 14 gross folders of adhesive bandages at Portland, Maine.

LABEL, IN PART: "Halco Handy Adhesive Bandage," "Adhesive Compress Unit No. 3," or "Uniplast Instant Bandage \* \* \* Uniplast Surgical Dressing Co., Boston, Mass."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 501 (b), the articles purported to be "Adhesive Absorbent Gauze" and "Adhesive Absorbent Compress," respectively, drugs the names of which are recognized in the United States Pharmacopoeia, and their quality and purity fell below the official standard since they were not sterile, as required by the Pharmacopoeia.

Uniplast Instant Bandage, misbranding, Section 502 (a), the statements on the folder label, "for cuts, abrasions minor wounds \* \* \* apply gauze to wound," were misleading since they represented and suggested that the article was suitable for the uses recommended, whereas it was not suitable for those uses since it was not sterile. Further misbranding, Section 502 (c), the label of the article failed to bear on the retail folder a statement of the quantity of the contents in terms of numerical count.

Shipment labeled "Adhesive Compress Unit No. 3," misbranding, Section 502 (g), the article was not labeled as prescribed in the United States Pharmacopoeia since some packages had been treated with a bacteriostatic agent and the label failed to bear the name of that agent.

DISPOSITION: January 5, February 2, and March 10, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgments of condemnation were entered and the products were ordered destroyed.

1625. Adulteration of Gauztex. U.S. v. 16 Dozen Packages of Gauztex (and 3 other seizure actions against Gauztex). Default decrees of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. Nos. 15812, 15901, 15993, 15994. Sample Nos. 6659–H, 13442–H, 13843–H, 23731–H.)

LIBELS FILED: Between April 11 and May 5, 1945, District of Connecticut, Southern District of Texas, and Northern District of Ohio.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: Between February 16 and April 2, 1945, by General Bandages, Inc., from Chicago, Ill.

PRODUCT: Gauztex, 16 dozen packages at New Haven, Conn., 4 carrons at Houston, Tex., 6 packages at Toledo, Ohio, and 18 dozen packages at Cleveland, Ohio.

LABEL, IN PART: "Gauztex \* \* \* Medicated with Mercuric Chloride Antiseptic.'

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 501 (c), the purity and quality of the article fell below that which it purported to possess since it was a bandage and was not sterile.

DISPOSITION: Between May 26 and June 27, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgments of condemnation were entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

1626. Adulteration and misbranding of adhesive strips. U. S. v. 10 Gross Cartons of Adhesive Strips. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 15942. Sample No. 10038-H.)

LIBEL FILED: April 19, 1945, Western District of Pennsylvania.

Alleged Shipment: On or about November 24, 1944, by the Hampton Manufacturing Co., from Carlstadt, N. J.

PRODUCT: 10 gross cartons of adhesive strips at Pittsburgh, Pa.

Label, in Part: "Blue Cross Sterilized Adhesive Strips Sulfathiazole pad."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 501 (b), the article purported to be "Adhesive Absorbent Gauze [or "Adhesive Absorbent Compress"]," a drug the name of which is recognized in the United States Pharmacopoeia, an official compendium, but its purity fell below the official standard since it was not sterile but was contaminated with living micro-organisms.

Misbranding, Section 502 (a), the label statement "Sterilized" was false and misleading.

DISPOSITION: May 24, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.